



MTConnect[®] Standard
Part 4.0 – Assets Information Model
Version 1.8.0

Prepared for: MTConnect Institute
Prepared on: September 6, 2021

MTConnect[®] is a registered trademark of AMT - The Association for Manufacturing Technology. Use of *MTConnect* is limited to use as specified on <http://www.mtconnect.org/>.

MTConnect Specification and Materials

The Association for Manufacturing Technology (AMT) owns the copyright in this *MTConnect* Specification or Material. AMT grants to you a non-exclusive, non-transferable, revocable, non-sublicensable, fully-paid-up copyright license to reproduce, copy and redistribute this *MTConnect* Specification or Material, provided that you may only copy or redistribute the *MTConnect* Specification or Material in the form in which you received it, without modifications, and with all copyright notices and other notices and disclaimers contained in the *MTConnect* Specification or Material.

If you intend to adopt or implement an *MTConnect* Specification or Material in a product, whether hardware, software or firmware, which complies with an *MTConnect* Specification, you shall agree to the *MTConnect* Specification Implementer License Agreement (“Implementer License”) or to the *MTConnect* Intellectual Property Policy and Agreement (“IP Policy”). The Implementer License and IP Policy each sets forth the license terms and other terms of use for *MTConnect* Implementers to adopt or implement the *MTConnect* Specifications, including certain license rights covering necessary patent claims for that purpose. These materials can be found at www.MTConnect.org, or by contacting <mailto:info@MTConnect.org>.

MTConnect Institute and AMT have no responsibility to identify patents, patent claims or patent applications which may relate to or be required to implement a Specification, or to determine the legal validity or scope of any such patent claims brought to their attention. Each *MTConnect* Implementer is responsible for securing its own licenses or rights to any patent or other intellectual property rights that may be necessary for such use, and neither AMT nor *MTConnect* Institute have any obligation to secure any such rights.

This Material and all *MTConnect* Specifications and Materials are provided “as is” and *MTConnect* Institute and AMT, and each of their respective members, officers, affiliates, sponsors and agents, make no representation or warranty of any kind relating to these materials or to any implementation of the *MTConnect* Specifications or Materials in any product, including, without limitation, any expressed or implied warranty of noninfringement, merchantability, or fitness for particular purpose, or of the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of information contained herein. In no event shall *MTConnect* Institute or AMT be liable to any user or implementer of *MTConnect* Specifications or Materials for the cost of procuring substitute goods or services, lost profits, loss of use, loss of data or any incidental, consequential, indirect, special or punitive damages or other direct damages, whether under contract, tort, warranty or otherwise, arising in any way out of access, use or inability to use the *MTConnect* Specification or other *MTConnect* Materials, whether or not they had advance notice of the possibility of such damage.

Table of Contents

1	Purpose of This Document	2
2	Terminology and Conventions	3
2.1	Glossary	3
2.2	Acronyms	9
2.3	MTCConnect References	9
3	MTCConnect Assets	10
3.1	Overview	10
3.2	MTCConnectAssets	11
3.2.1	MTCConnectAssets Header	11
3.2.1.1	Header Attributes	12
3.2.2	Assets	14
3.2.3	Asset	14
3.2.3.1	Common Asset Attributes	15
3.2.3.2	Common Asset Elements	18
4	MTCConnect Assets Architecture	19
4.1	Agent Asset Storage	19
4.2	Asset Protocol	20
4.2.1	Asset by assetId	20
4.2.2	Asset for a Given Type	21
4.2.3	Assets Including Removed Assets	21
4.2.4	Assets for a Piece of Equipment	22
5	Extensions to Part 2.0 - Devices Information Model	23
5.1	Data Item Types added for EVENT Category	23
5.1.1	ASSET_CHANGED Data Item Type	23
5.1.2	ASSET_REMOVED Data Item Type	24
6	Extensions to Part 3.0 - Streams Information Model	25
6.1	AssetChanged Extension to Events	25
6.1.1	AssetChanged event Attributes	26
6.2	AssetRemoved Extension to Events	27
6.2.1	AssetRemoved Attributes	28
	Appendices	29
A	Bibliography	29

Table of Figures

Figure 1: MTConnectAssets Schema	11
Figure 2: MTConnectAssets Header	12
Figure 3: Asset Schema	16
Figure 4: Description Schema	18
Figure 5: MTConnect Assets storage as First in First Out	19
Figure 6: MTConnect Assets storage as Key/Value pairs	20
Figure 7: AssetChanged Schema	25
Figure 8: AssetRemoved Schema	27

List of Tables

Table 1: MTConnectAssets Header	13
Table 2: MTConnect Assets Element	14
Table 3: MTConnect Asset Element	15
Table 4: Attributes for Asset	16
Table 5: Elements for Asset	18
Table 6: DataItem Type for EVENT category	23
Table 7: Attributes for AssetChanged	26
Table 8: Attributes for AssetRemoved	28

1 **1 Purpose of This Document**

2 This document, *MTConnect Standard: Part 4.0 - Assets Information Model* of the MTCon-
3 nect Standard, details information that is common to all types of *MTConnect Assets*. Part
4 4.0 and its sub-parts of the MTConnect Standard provide semantic models for entities that
5 are used in the manufacturing process, but are not considered to be a piece of equipment.
6 These entities are defined as *MTConnect Assets*. These *Assets* may be removed from a
7 piece of equipment without detriment to the function of the equipment and can be associ-
8 ated with other pieces of equipment during their lifecycle. The data associated with these
9 *Assets* may be retrieved from multiple sources that are each responsible for providing their
10 knowledge of the *Asset*.

11 2 Terminology and Conventions

12 Refer to Section 2 of *MTConnect Standard Part 1.0 - Overview and Fundamentals* for a
13 dictionary of terms, reserved language, and document conventions used in the MTConnect
14 Standard.

15 2.1 Glossary

16 CDATA

17 General meaning:

18 An abbreviation for Character Data.

19 CDATA is used to describe a value (text or data) published as part of an XML ele-
20 ment.

21 For example, "This is some text" is the CDATA in the XML element:

```
22 <Message ...>This is some text</Message>
```

23 Appears in the documents in the following form: CDATA

24 NMTOKEN

25 The data type for XML identifiers.

26 Note: The identifier must start with a letter, an underscore "_" or a colon. The next
27 character must be a letter, a number, or one of the following ".", "-", "_", ":". The
28 identifier must not have any spaces or special characters.

29 Appears in the documents in the following form: NMTOKEN.

30 XML

31 Stands for eXtensible Markup Language.

32 XML defines a set of rules for encoding documents that both a human-readable and
33 machine-readable.

34 XML is the language used for all code examples in the MTConnect Standard.

35 Refer to <http://www.w3.org/XML> for more information about XML.

36 *Agent*

37 Refers to an MTConnect Agent.

38 Software that collects data published from one or more piece(s) of equipment, orga-
39 nizes that data in a structured manner, and responds to requests for data from client

40 software systems by providing a structured response in the form of a *Response Doc-*
41 *ument* that is constructed using the *semantic data models* defined in the Standard.

42 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Agent*.

43 ***Asset***

44 item, thing or entity that has potential or actual value to an organization *Ref:ISO*
45 *55000:2014(en)*

46 Note 1 to entry: Value can be tangible or intangible, financial or non-financial,
47 and includes consideration of risks and liabilities. It can be positive or negative
48 at different stages of the asset life.

49 Note 2 to entry: Physical assets usually refer to equipment, inventory and prop-
50 erties owned by the organization. Physical assets are the opposite of intangible
51 assets, which are non-physical assets such as leases, brands, digital assets, use
52 rights, licences, intellectual property rights, reputation or agreements.

53 Note 3 to entry: A grouping of assets referred to as an asset system could also
54 be considered as an asset.

55

56 ***Child Element***

57 A portion of a data modeling structure that illustrates the relationship between an
58 element and the higher-level *Parent Element* within which it is contained.

59 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Child Element*.

60 ***Component***

61 General meaning:

62 A *Structural Element* that represents a physical or logical part or subpart of a piece
63 of equipment.

64 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Component*.

65 Used in *Information Models*:

66 A data modeling element used to organize the data being retrieved from a piece of
67 equipment.

- 68 ● When used as an XML container to organize *Lower Level Component* ele-
69 ments.

70 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Component s*.

- 71 • When used as an abstract XML element. `Component` is replaced in a data
72 model by a type of *Component* element. `Component` is also an XML con-
73 tainer used to organize *Lower Level* `Component` elements, *Data Entities*, or
74 both.

75 Appears in the documents in the following form: `Component`.

76 ***Current Request***

77 A *Current Request* is a *Request* to an *Agent* to produce an *MTCConnectStreams Re-*
78 *sponse Document* containing the *Observations Information Model* for a snapshot of
79 the latest *observations* at the moment of the *Request* or at a given *sequence number*.

80 ***Data Entity***

81 A primary data modeling element that represents all elements that either describe
82 data items that may be reported by an *Agent* or the data items that contain the actual
83 data published by an *Agent*.

84 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Data Entity*.

85 ***Devices Information Model***

86 A set of rules and terms that describes the physical and logical configuration for a
87 piece of equipment and the data that may be reported by that equipment.

88 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Devices Information Model*.

89 ***Equipment Metadata***

90 See *Metadata*

91 ***Information Model***

92 The rules, relationships, and terminology that are used to define how information is
93 structured.

94 For example, an information model is used to define the structure for each *MTCCon-*
95 *nect Response Document*; the definition of each piece of information within those
96 documents and the relationship between pieces of information.

97 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Information Model*.

98 ***Lower Level***

99 A nested element that is below a higher level element.

100 Metadata

101 Data that provides information about other data.

102 For example, *Equipment Metadata* defines both the *Structural Elements* that rep-
103 resent the physical and logical parts and sub-parts of each piece of equipment, the
104 relationships between those parts and sub-parts, and the definitions of the *Data En-*
105 *tities* associated with that piece of equipment.

106 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Metadata* or *Equipment Metadata*.

107 MTConnect Agent

108 See definition for *Agent*.

109 MTConnect Asset

110 An *MTConnect Asset* is an *Asset* used by the manufacturing process to perform
111 tasks.

112 Note 1 to entry: An *MTConnect Asset* relies upon an *MTConnect Device* to
113 provide *observations* and information about itself and the *MTConnect Device*
114 revises the information to reflect changes to the *MTConnect Asset* during their
115 interaction. Examples of *MTConnect Assets* are Cutting Tools, Part Information,
116 Manufacturing Processes, Fixtures, and Files.

117 Note 2 to entry: A singular `assetId` uniquely identifies an *MTConnect Asset*
118 throughout its lifecycle and is used to track and relate the *MTConnect Asset* to
119 other *MTConnect Devices* and entities.

120 Note 3 to entry: *MTConnect Assets* are temporally associated with a device and
121 can be removed from the device without damage or alteration to its primary
122 functions.

123

124 MTConnect Device

125 An *MTConnect Device* is a piece of equipment or a manufacturing system that pro-
126 duces *observations* about itself and/or publishes data using the *MTConnect Infor-*
127 *mation Model*.

128 MTConnect Information Model

129 See *Information Model*

130 MTConnectDevices Response Document

131 A *Response Document* published by an *MTConnect Agent* in response to a *Probe*
132 *Request*.

133 ***MTConnectStreams Response Document***

134 A *Response Document* published by an *MTConnect Agent* in response to a *Current*
135 *Request* or a *Sample Request*.

136 ***observation***

137 The observed value of a property at a point in time.

138 ***Observations Information Model***

139 An *Information Model* that describes the *Streaming Data* reported by a piece of
140 equipment.

141 ***Parent Element***

142 An XML element used to organize *Lower Level* child elements that share a common
143 relationship to the *Parent Element*.

144 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Parent Element*.

145 ***Probe Request***

146 A *Probe Request* is a *Request* to an *Agent* to produce an *MTConnectDevices Re-*
147 *ponse Document* containing the *Devices Information Model*.

148 ***Request***

149 A communications method where a client software application transmits a message
150 to an *Agent*. That message instructs the *Agent* to respond with specific information.

151 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Request*.

152 ***Response Document***

153 An electronic document published by an *MTConnect Agent* in response to a *Probe*
154 *Request*, *Current Request*, *Sample Request* or *Asset Request*.

155 ***Sample Request***

156 A *Sample Request* is a *Request* to an *Agent* to produce an *MTConnectStreams Re-*
157 *sponse Document* containing the *Observations Information Model* for a set of time-
158 stamped *observations* made by *Components*.

159 ***semantic data model***

160 A methodology for defining the structure and meaning for data in a specific logical
161 way.

162 It provides the rules for encoding electronic information such that it can be inter-
163 preted by a software system.

164 Appears in the documents in the following form: *semantic data model*.

165 ***sequence number***

166 The primary key identifier used to manage and locate a specific piece of *Streaming*
167 *Data* in an *Agent*.

168 *sequence number* is a monotonically increasing number within an instance of an
169 *Agent*.

170 Appears in the documents in the following form: *sequence number*.

171 ***Streaming Data***

172 The values published by a piece of equipment for the *Data Entities* defined by the
173 *Equipment Metadata*.

174 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Streaming Data*.

175 ***Structural Element***

176 General meaning:

177 An XML element that organizes information that represents the physical and logical
178 parts and sub-parts of a piece of equipment.

179 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Structural Element*.

180 Used to indicate hierarchy of Components:

181 When used to describe a primary physical or logical construct within a piece of
182 equipment.

183 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Top Level Structural Element*.

184 When used to indicate a *Child Element* which provides additional detail describing
185 the physical or logical structure of a *Top Level Structural Element*.

186 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Lower Level Structural Element*.

187 ***Top Level***

188 *Structural Elements* that represent the most significant physical or logical functions
189 of a piece of equipment.

190 ***Valid Data Value***

191 One or more acceptable values or constrained values that can be reported for a *Data*
192 *Entity*.

193 Appears in the documents in the following form: *Valid Data Value(s)*.

194 ***XML Schema***

195 In the MTConnect Standard, an instantiation of a schema defining a specific docu-
196 ment encoded in XML.

207 3 MTConnect Assets

208 3.1 Overview

209 The MTConnect Standard supports a simple distributed storage mechanism that allows ap-
210 plications and equipment to share and exchange complex information models in a similar
211 way to a distributed data store. The *Asset Information Model* associates each electronic
212 MTConnectAssets document with a unique identifier and allows for some predefined
213 mechanisms to find, create, request, updated, and delete these electronic documents in a
214 way that provides for consistency across multiple pieces of equipment.

215 The protocol provides a limited mechanism of accessing *MTConnect Assets* using the fol-
216 lowing properties: `assetId`, *Asset* type (element name of *Asset* root), and the piece of
217 equipment associated with the *Asset*. These access strategies will provide the following
218 services and answer the following questions: What *Assets* are from a particular piece of
219 equipment? What are the *Assets* of a particular type? What *Assets* is stored for a given
220 `assetId`?

221 Although these mechanisms are provided, an *Agent* should not be considered a data store
222 or a system of reference. The *Agent* is providing an ephemeral storage capability that will
223 temporarily manage the data for applications wishing to communicate and manage data as
224 need-ed by the various processes. An application cannot rely on an *Agent* for long term
225 persistence or durability since the *Agent* is only required to temporarily store the *Asset*
226 data and may require an-other system to provide the source data upon initialization. An
227 *Agent* is always providing the best-known equipment centric view of the data given the
228 limitations of that piece of equipment.

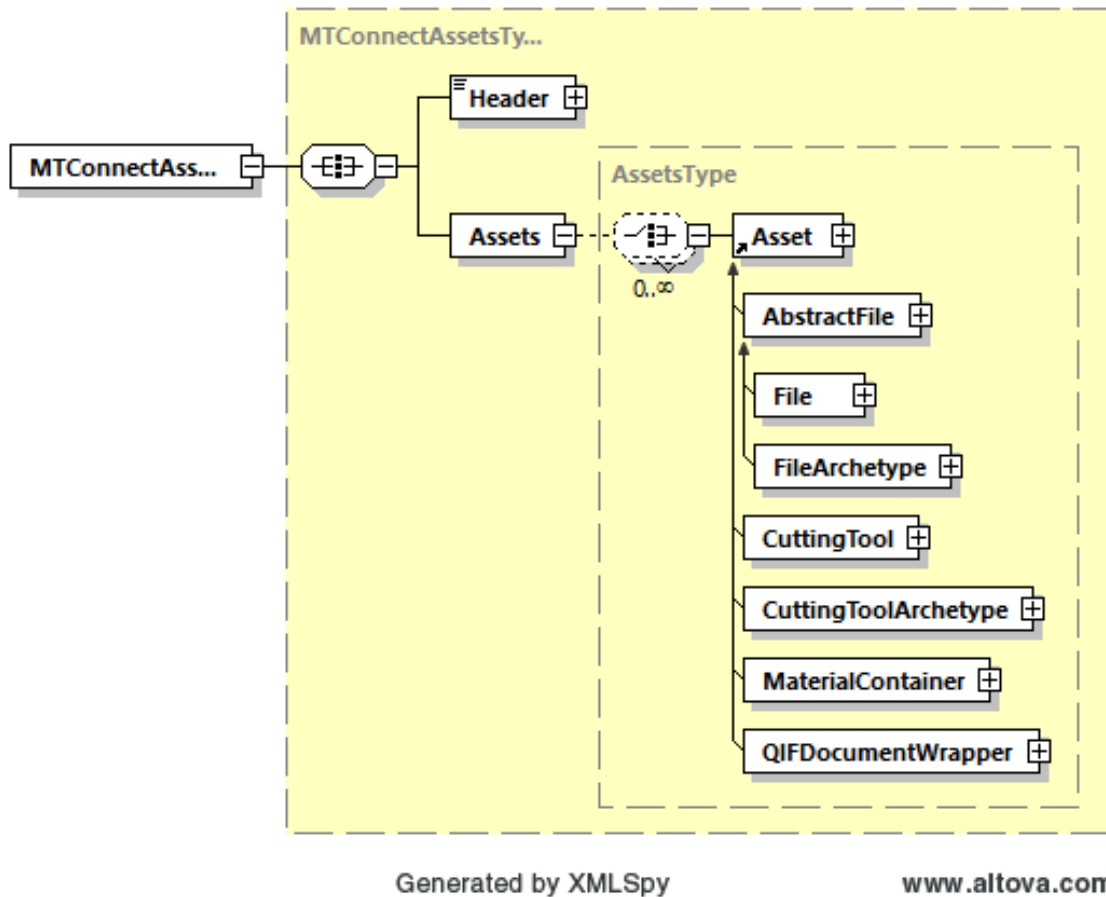
229 **3.2 MTConnectAssets**

Figure 1: MTConnectAssets Schema

230 At the top level of the `MTConnectAssets` document is a standard header, as stated in
 231 *MTConnect Standard Part 1.0 - Overview and Fundamentals*, and one or more *MTConnect*
 232 *Assets*. Each *Asset* is required to have an `assetId` that serves as a unique identifier of
 233 that *Asset*. `assetId` allows an application to request the *Asset* data from an *Agent*.

234 In the remaining Part 4.x sub-part documents of *MTConnect Assets*, various types of *Assets*
 235 will be introduced such as cutting tools and other *Asset* types.

236 3.2.1 MTConnectAssets Header

237 The `MTConnectAssets` header is where the protocol sequence information **MUST** be
 238 provided. The *XML Schema* in *Figure 2* represents the structure of the `MTConnectAs-`
 239 `sets` header showing the attributes defined for `MTConnectAssets`.

240 Refer to *MTCConnect Standard Part 1.0 - Overview and Fundamentals* for more informa-
241 tion on headers.

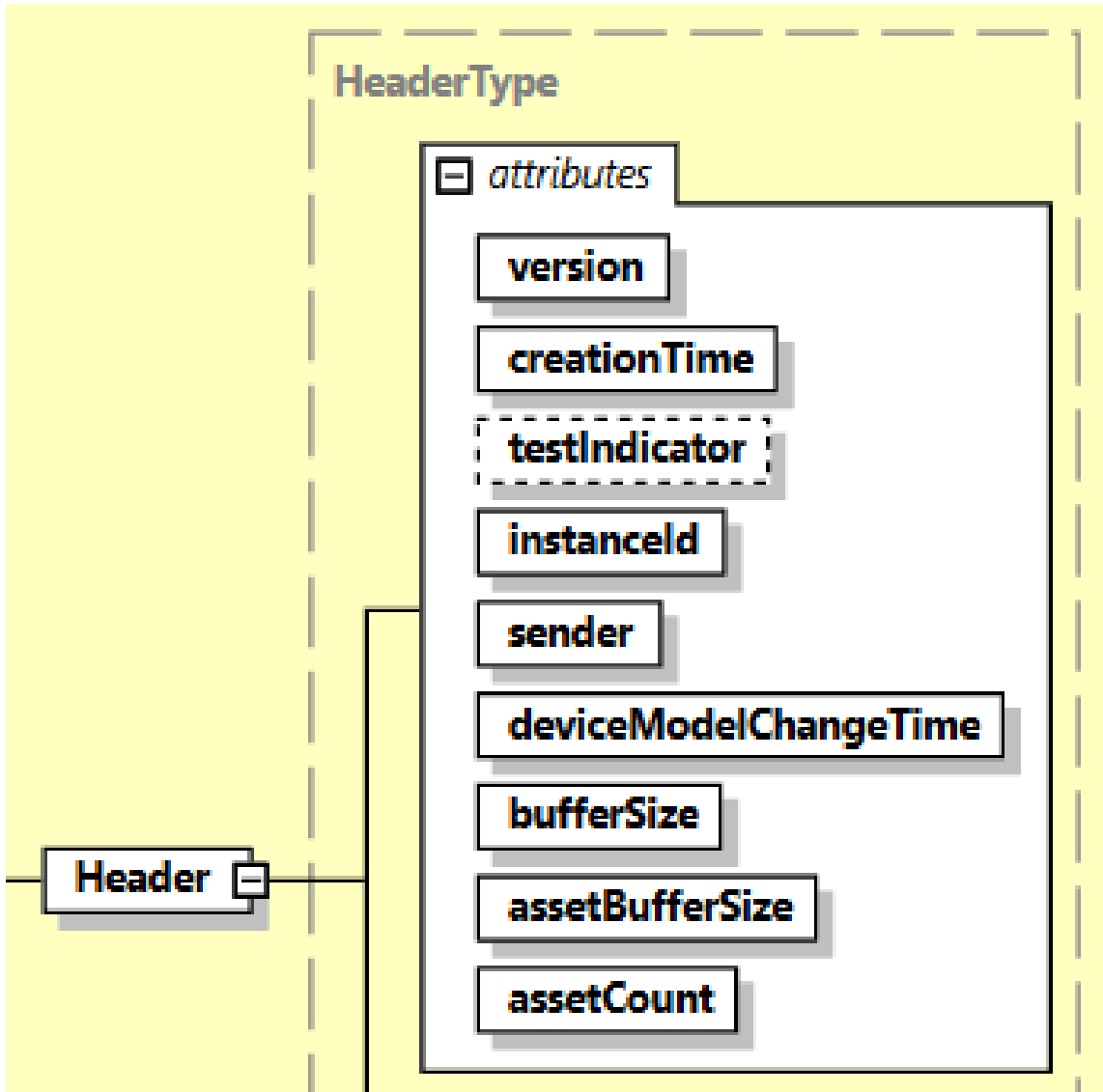


Figure 2: MTCConnectAssets Header

242 **3.2.1.1 Header Attributes**

243 *Table 1* defines the attributes used to provide information for an `MTCConnectAssets`
244 header.

Table 1: MTConnectAssets Header

Attribute	Description	Occurrence
version	The protocol version number. This is the <i>major</i> and <i>minor</i> version number of the MTConnect Standard being used. For example, if the version number of the Standard used is 10.21.33, the version will be 10.21. version is a required attribute.	1
creationTime	The time the response was created. creationTime is a required attribute.	1
testIndicator	Optional flag that indicates the system is operating in test mode. This data is only for testing and indicates that the data is simulated. testIndicator is an optional attribute.	0..1
instanceId	A number indicating which invocation of the <i>Agent</i> . This is used to differentiate between separate instances of the <i>Agent</i> . This value MUST have a maximum value of $2^{64} - 1$ and MUST be stored in an unsigned 64-bit integer. instanceId is a required attribute.	1
sender	The <i>Agent</i> identification information. sender is a required attribute.	1
assetBufferSize	The maximum number of <i>MTConnect Assets</i> that will be retained by the <i>Agent</i> . The assetBufferSize MUST be an unsigned positive integer value with a maximum value of $2^{32} - 1$. assetBufferSize is a required attribute.	1

Continuation of Table 1		
Attribute	Description	Occurrence
assetCount	The total number of <i>MTConnect Assets</i> in an <i>Agent</i> . This MUST be an unsigned positive integer value with a maximum value of $2^{32} - 1$. This value MUST NOT be greater than <code>assetBufferSize</code> . <code>assetCount</code> is a required attribute.	1
deviceModelChangeTime	A timestamp in 8601 format of the last update of the <code>Device</code> information for any device.	1

Example 1: MTConnectAssets Header Example

```

245 1 <Header creationTime="2010-03-13T07:59:11+00:00"
246 2     sender="localhost" instanceId="1268463594"
247 3     assetBufferSize="1024" version="1.1"
248 4     assetCount="12" />

```

249 3.2.2 Assets

250 `Assets` is an XML container used to group information about various *MTConnect Asset*
251 `types`. `Assets` contains one or more `Asset` XML elements.

Table 2: MTConnect Assets Element

Element	Description	Occurrence
<code>Assets</code>	An XML container that consists of one or more types of <code>Asset</code> XML elements.	0..1

252 3.2.3 Asset

253 An `Asset` XML element is a container type XML element used to organize information
254 describing an entity that is not a piece of equipment. `Asset` is an abstract type XML
255 element and will never appear directly in the MTConnect XML document. As an abstract

256 type XML element, `Asset` will be replaced in the XML document by specific *MTCConnect*
 257 *Asset* type.

Table 3: MTCConnect Asset Element

Element	Description	Occurrence
<code>Asset</code>	An abstract XML element. Replaced in the XML document by types of <code>Asset</code> elements representing entities that are not pieces of equipment. There can be multiple types of <code>Asset</code> XML elements in the document.	1..*

258 There are various types of entities or *Asset* types. Each type of *Asset* is described in sub-
 259 parts of *MTCConnect Standard: Part 4.0 - Assets Information Model*. These sub-parts are
 260 designated by a Part 4.x document number.

261 For all *MTCConnect Asset* types there are some common attributes and elements that apply
 262 to all of them. The following defines these common attributes and elements.

263 **3.2.3.1 Common Asset Attributes**

264 The *XML Schema* in *Figure 3* represents the structure of `Asset` showing the attributes
 265 defined for `Asset`.

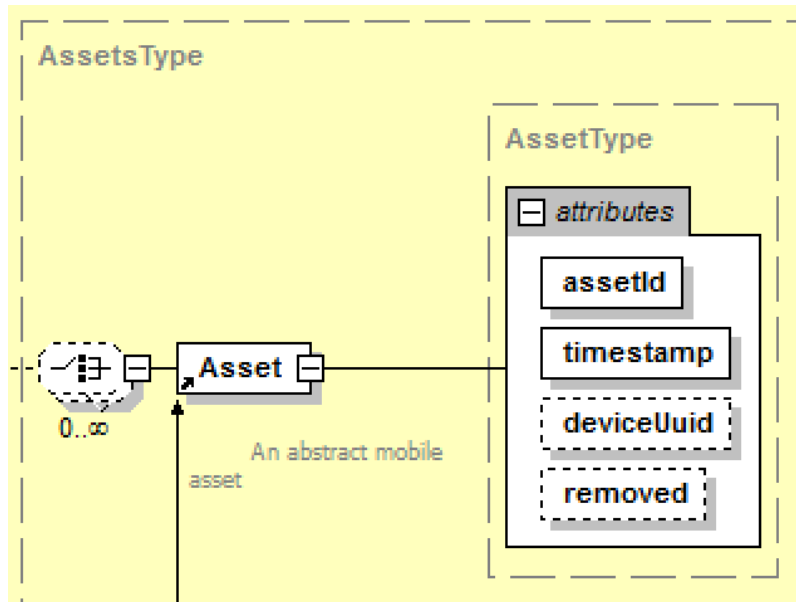


Figure 3: Asset Schema

266 Table 4 defines the attributes that are used to provide information for the Asset element.

Table 4: Attributes for Asset

Attribute	Description	Occurrence
assetId	The unique identifier for the <i>MTCConnect Asset</i> . The identifier MUST be unique with respect to all other <i>Assets</i> in an MTCConnect installation. The identifier SHOULD be globally unique with respect to all other <i>Assets</i> . assetId is a required attribute.	1
timestamp	The time this <i>MTCConnect Asset</i> was last modified. Always given in UTC. The timestamp MUST be provided in UTC (Universal Time Coordinate, also known as GMT). This is the time the <i>Asset</i> data was last modified. timestamp is a required attribute.	1

Continuation of Table 4		
Attribute	Description	Occurrence
deviceUuid	The piece of equipments UUID that supplied this data. This is an optional element references to the UUID attribute given in the <code>Device</code> element. This can be any series of numbers and letters as defined by the XML type NMTOKEN.	0..1
removed	This is an optional attribute that is an indicator that the <i>MTCConnect Asset</i> has been removed from the piece of equipment. If the <i>Asset</i> is marked as removed, it will not be visible to the client application unless the <code>=true</code> parameter is provided in the URL. If this attribute is not present it MUST be assumed to be false. The value is an <code>xsi:boolean</code> type and MUST be <code>true</code> or <code>false</code> .	0..1

267 All *MTCConnect Assets* **MUST** have a unique value for `assetId` and it **SHOULD** be
 268 globally unique, such as a RFC 4122 UUID.

269 The following attributes **MUST** be provided and are common to all *MTCConnect Asset*
 270 types: the `assetId` attribute providing the unique identifier for the *Asset*, and the `times-`
 271 `tamp` providing the time the *Asset* was inserted or updated. A `removed` flag that if `true`
 272 indicates the *Asset* has been removed (deleted) from the equipment is optional, however
 273 the *Asset* will still be available if requested directly or a request is made that includes
 274 `removed Assets`.

275 An `MTCConnectAssets` document contains information pertaining to something that is
 276 not a direct component of the piece of equipment and can be relocated to another piece
 277 of equipment or location during its lifecycle. The *Asset* will contain data that will be
 278 changed as a unit, meaning that at any given point in time the latest version of the complete
 279 state for this *Asset* will be provided.

280 Each piece of equipment or location may have a different view of this *Asset* and it is
 281 the responsibility of an application to collect and determine the aggregate information
 282 and keep a historical record if required. An *Agent* will allow any application or other
 283 equipment to request this information. The piece of equipment **MUST** supply the latest
 284 and most accurate information regarding a given *Asset*.

285 **3.2.3.2 Common Asset Elements**

286 The element `Description` is the only element common to all *Asset* types.

287 The *XML Schema* in *Figure 4* represents the structure of `Description`.

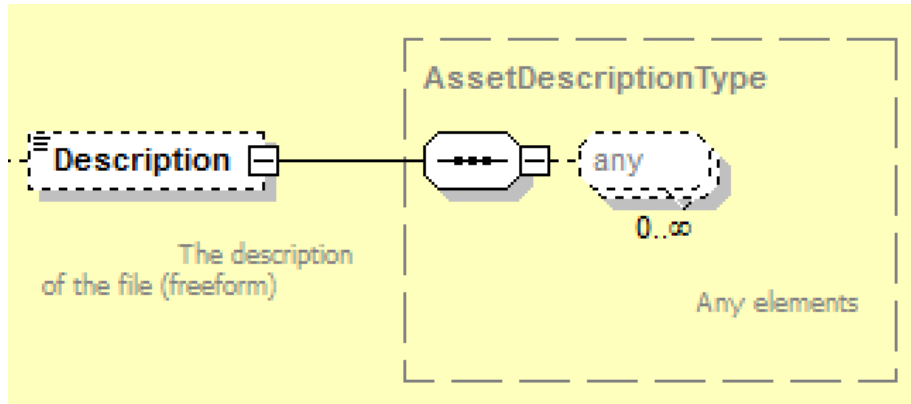


Figure 4: Description Schema

288 *Table 5* defines the elements that are used to provide information for *Asset*.

Table 5: Elements for Asset

Elements	Description	Occurrence
<code>Description</code>	An optional element that can contain any descriptive content. This can contain configuration information and manufacturer specific details. This element is defined to contain mixed content and XML elements can be added to extend the descriptive semantics of MTCConnect Standard.	0..1

289 4 MTConnect Assets Architecture

290 4.1 Agent Asset Storage

291 The *Agent* stores *MTConnect Assets* in a similar fashion as the *Agent* data storage de-
 292 scribed in *MTConnect Standard Part 1.0 - Overview and Fundamentals*. The storage of
 293 information is contained in the *asset buffer*. The *Agent* provides a limited number of *As-*
 294 *sets* that can be stored at one time and uses the same method of pushing out the oldest
 295 *Asset* when the *asset buffer* is full. The *asset buffer* size for the *Asset* storage is maintained
 296 separately from the *Sample*, *Event*, and *Condition* storage.

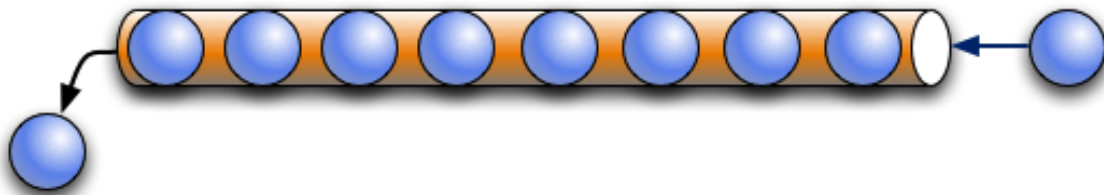


Figure 5: MTConnect Assets storage as First in First Out

297 *MTConnect Assets* also behave like a key/value in memory database. In the case of the
 298 *Asset*, the key is the `assetId` and the value is the XML document describing the *Asset*.
 299 The key can be any string of letters, punctuation or digits and represent the domain specific
 300 coding scheme for their assets. Each *Asset* type will have a recommended way to construct
 301 a unique `assetId`, for example, a cutting tool **SHOULD** be identified by the tool ID and
 302 serial number as a composed synthetic identifier.

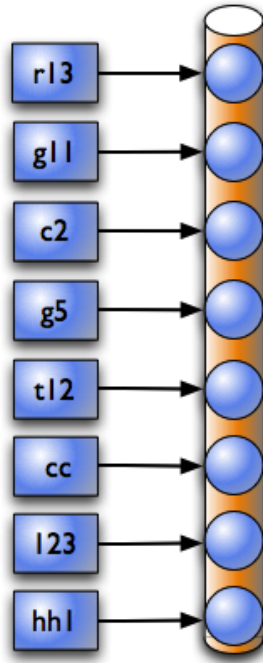


Figure 6: MTConnect Assets storage as Key/Value pairs

303 As in *Figure 6* , each of the *Assets* is referred to by their key. The key is independent of
 304 the order in the *asset buffer* storage.

305 4.2 Asset Protocol

306 MTConnect Standard provides methods to retrieve an *MTConnect Asset* or a set of *Assets*
 307 given various criteria. These criteria are as follows: The `assetId`, the *Asset* type as de-
 308 fined by the name of the *Asset*'s topmost element, and the originating piece of equipment.

309 The URL format is similar to the `probe` and `sample` structure. Reference each `as-`
 310 `setId` directly to request an *MTConnect Asset* by `assetId`.

311 4.2.1 Asset by `assetId`

Example 2: Asset by `assetId` Example

```
312 1 url: http://example.com/asset/e39d23ba-ef2d-
313 2     11e6-b12c15028cfe91a82ef
```


314 *Example 2* returns the `MTConnectAssets` document for *Asset* `e39d23ba-ef2d-`
 315 `11e6-b12c-28cfe91a82ef`

316 Request multiple *Assets* by each `assetId`:

Example 3: Assets by assetId Example

317 1 url: `http://example.com/asset/e39d23ba-ef2d-11e6-b12c155;`
 318 2 `8cfe91a82ef;e46d5256-ef2d-11e6-96aa-28cfe91a82ef`

319 *Example 3* returns the `MTConnectAssets` document for *Assets* `e39d23ba-ef2d-`
 320 `11e6-b12c-28cfe91a82ef` and `e46d5256-ef2d-11e6-96aa-28cfe91a82ef`.

321 Request for all the *Assets* in the *Agent*:

Example 4: Get all Assets Example

322 1 url: `http://example.com/assets`

323 *Example 4* returns all available *MTConnect Assets* in the *Agent*. The *Agent* **MAY** return
 324 a limited set if there are too many *Asset* records. The *Assets* **MUST** be added to the
 325 beginning with the most recently modified *Asset*.

326 4.2.2 Asset for a Given Type

Example 5: Asset for a Given Type Example

327 1 url: `http://example.com/assets?type="CuttingTool"`

328 *Example 5* returns all available `CuttingTool Assets` from the *Agent* of the type `Cut-`
 329 `tingTool`. The *Agent* **MAY** return a limited set if there are too many *Asset* records. The
 330 *Assets* **MUST** be added to the beginning with the most recently modified assets.

331 Request for all *Assets* of a given type in the *Agent* up to a maximum count:

Example 6: Asset for a Given Type with Maximum count Example

332 1 url: `http://example.com/assets?type="CuttingTool"`

333 *Example 6* returns all available `CuttingTool Assets` from the *Agent*. The *Agent* **MUST**
 334 return up to 1000 *Assets* beginning with the most recently modified *Assets* if they exist.

335 4.2.3 Assets Including Removed Assets

Example 7: Assets Including Removed Assets Example

336 1 url: `http://example.com/assets?type=CuttingTool&removed=true`

337 *Example 7* returns all available `CuttingTool Assets` from the *Agent*. With the removed
 338 flag, *Assets* that have been removed but are included in the result set.

339 4.2.4 Assets for a Piece of Equipment

340 If no `assetId` is provided with a general *Assets* request, it would be as shown in *Exam-*
 341 *ple 8*:

Example 8: Assets For a Piece of Equipment Example

342 1 url: `http://example.com/Mill123/assets`

343 All *MTCConnect Assets* will be provided for that piece of equipment (*Device*) up to the
 344 *Agent*'s maximum count or as specified with the count parameter. These *Assets* will be
 345 returned starting from the newest to oldest list.

346 Any of the previous constraints can also be applied to the request, for example, to get all
 347 the `CuttingTool` instances for a given piece of equipment:

Example 9: Assets For a Piece of Equipment For a Given Type Example

348 1 url: `http://example.com/Mill123/asset/`
 349 2 `?type=CuttingTool&count=100`

350 The request in *Example 9* will get the newest 100 `Cutting Tool Instance Assets` from the
 351 *Agent* for `Mill123`. Similarly:

Example 10: Assets For a Piece of Equipment For a Given Type Example 2

352 1 url: `http://example.com/Mill123/asset/`
 353 2 `?type=CuttingToolArchetype`

354 *Example 10* will provide all `Cutting Tool Archetype Assets` with the `deviceUuid` of
 355 `Mill123`.

356 5 Extensions to Part 2.0 - Devices Information Model

357 This document will add the following data item types to support change notification when
 358 an *MTCConnect Asset* is added or updated. The data item **MUST** be placed in the `DataItems`
 359 container associated with `Device`. The `Device` **MUST** be the piece of equipment that
 360 is supplying the asset data.

361 5.1 Data Item Types added for EVENT Category

Table 6: DataItem Type for EVENT category

DataItem Type SubType	Description
ASSET_CHANGED	The event generated when an asset is added or changed. <code>AssetChanged</code> MUST be discrete and the value of the <code>DataItem</code> 's <code>discrete</code> attribute MUST be <code>true</code> .
ASSET_REMOVED	The value of the <code>CDATA</code> for the event MUST be the <code>assetId</code> of the asset that has been removed. The asset will still be visible if requested with the <code>includeRemoved</code> parameter as described in the protocol section. When assets are removed they are not moved to the beginning of the most recently modified list.

362 5.1.1 ASSET_CHANGED Data Item Type

363 When an *MTCConnect Asset* is added or modified, an `AssetChanged` event **MUST** be
 364 published to inform an application that new asset data is available. The application can
 365 request the new asset data from the piece of equipment at that time. Every time the asset
 366 data is modified an `AssetChanged` event will be published. Since the asset data is a
 367 complete electronic document, the system will publish a single `AssetChanged` event
 368 for the entire set of changes.

369 The asset data **MUST** remain constant until the `AssetChanged` event is published.
 370 Once it is published the data **MUST** change to reflect the new content at that instant.
 371 The timestamp of the asset will reflect the time the last change was made to the asset data.

372 5.1.2 ASSET_REMOVED Data Item Type

373 When an *MTConnect Asset* has been removed from an *Agent*, or marked as removed, an
374 `AssetRemoved` event **MUST** be generated in a similar way to the `AssetChanged`
375 event. The `CDATA` of the `AssetRemoved` event **MUST** contain the `assetId` that was
376 just removed.

377 Every time an *MTConnect Asset* is modified or added it will be moved to the beginning
378 of the *asset buffer* and become the newest *Asset*. As the *asset buffer* fills up, the oldest
379 *Asset* will be pushed out and its information will be removed. The *MTConnect Standard*
380 does not specify the maximum size of the *asset buffer*, and if the implementation desires,
381 permanent storage **MAY** be used to store the *Assets*. A value of 4,294,967,296 or 2^{32} can
382 be given to indicate unlimited storage.

383 There is no requirement for persistent *Asset* storage. If the *Agent* fails, all existing *MT-*
384 *Connect Assets* **MAY** be lost. It is the responsibility of the implementation to restore the
385 lost *Asset* data and it is the responsibility of the application to persist the *Asset* data. The
386 *Agent* **MAY** make no guarantees about availability of *Asset* data after the *Agent* stops.

387 6 Extensions to Part 3.0 - Streams Information Model

388 The associated modifications **MUST** be added to *MTConnect Standard: Part 3.0 - Streams*
 389 *Information Model* to add the following event to the `Events` in the streams.

390 6.1 AssetChanged Extension to Events

391 The `AssetChanged` element extends the base `Event` type XML data element defined in
 392 *MTConnect Standard: Part 3.0 - Streams Information Model* and adds the `assetType`
 393 attribute to the base `Event`. This new `Event` will signal whenever a new *MTConnect*
 394 *Asset* is added or the existing definition of an *Asset* is updated. The `assetId` is provided
 395 as the CDATA value and can be used to request the *Asset* data from the *Agent*.

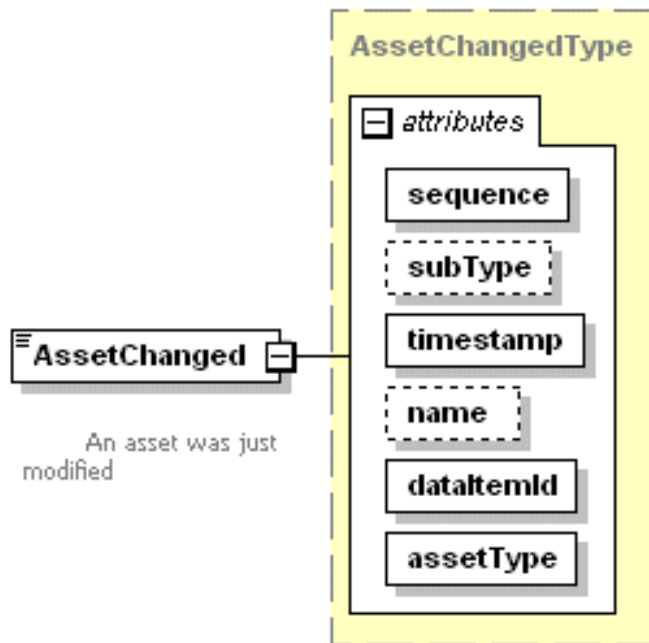


Figure 7: AssetChanged Schema

396 `AssetChanged`: An *MTConnect Asset* has been added or modified. The CDATA
 397 for the `AssetChanged` element **MUST** be the `assetId` of the *Asset* that has been
 398 modified.

399 **6.1.1 AssetChanged event Attributes****Table 7:** Attributes for AssetChanged

Attribute	Description	Occurrence
assetType	<p>The type of asset changed.</p> <p>assetType is a required attribute.</p> <p><i>Valid Data Values:</i></p> <p> CuttingTool</p> <p> File</p> <p> QIFDocumentWrapper</p> <p> MaterialContainer</p>	1

400 **6.2 AssetRemoved Extension to Events**

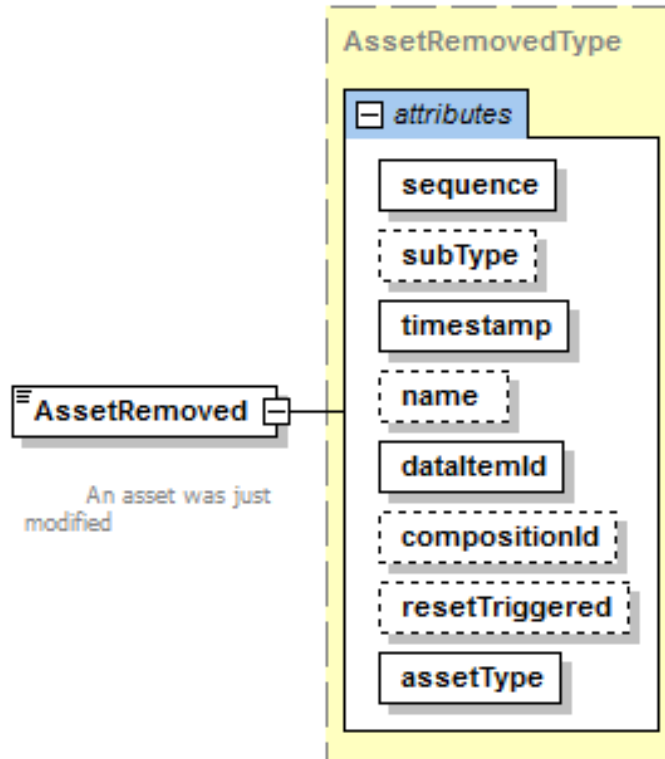


Figure 8: AssetRemoved Schema

401 AssetRemoved: An *MTCConnect Asset* has been removed. The CDATA for the *As-*
 402 *setRemoved* element **MUST** be the *assetId* of the *Asset* that has been removed.

403 **6.2.1 AssetRemoved Attributes****Table 8:** Attributes for AssetRemoved

Attribute	Description	Occurrence
assetType	<p>The type of asset that was removed.</p> <p>assetType is a required attribute.</p> <p><i>Valid Data Values:</i></p> <p> CuttingTool</p> <p> File</p> <p> QIFDocumentWrapper</p> <p> MaterialContainer</p>	1

404 The *MTCConnect Asset* will still be available if requested if the removed=true argument is
405 supplied. The assetId is provide as the CDATA value and can be used to request the
406 *Asset* data from the *Agent*.

407 Appendices

408 A Bibliography

409 Engineering Industries Association. *EIA Standard - EIA-274-D*, Interchangeable Variable,
410 Block Data Format for Positioning, Contouring, and Contouring/Positioning Numerically
411 Controlled Machines. Washington, D.C. 1979.

412 ISO TC 184/SC4/WG3 N1089. *ISO/DIS 10303-238*: Industrial automation systems and
413 integration Product data representation and exchange Part 238: Application Protocols: Ap-
414 plication interpreted model for computerized numerical controllers. Geneva, Switzerland,
415 2004.

416 International Organization for Standardization. *ISO 14649*: Industrial automation sys-
417 tems and integration – Physical device control – Data model for computerized numerical
418 controllers – Part 10: General process data. Geneva, Switzerland, 2004.

419 International Organization for Standardization. *ISO 14649*: Industrial automation sys-
420 tems and integration – Physical device control – Data model for computerized numerical
421 controllers – Part 11: Process data for milling. Geneva, Switzerland, 2000.

422 International Organization for Standardization. *ISO 6983/1* – Numerical Control of ma-
423 chines – Program format and definition of address words – Part 1: Data format for posi-
424 tioning, line and contouring control systems. Geneva, Switzerland, 1982.

425 Electronic Industries Association. *ANSI/EIA-494-B-1992*, 32 Bit Binary CL (BCL) and
426 7 Bit ASCII CL (ACL) Exchange Input Format for Numerically Controlled Machines.
427 Washington, D.C. 1992.

428 National Aerospace Standard. *Uniform Cutting Tests - NAS Series: Metal Cutting Equip-*
429 *ment Specifications*. Washington, D.C. 1969.

430 International Organization for Standardization. *ISO 10303-11*: 1994, Industrial automa-
431 tion systems and integration Product data representation and exchange Part 11: Descrip-
432 tion methods: The EXPRESS language reference manual. Geneva, Switzerland, 1994.

433 International Organization for Standardization. *ISO 10303-21*: 1996, Industrial automa-
434 tion systems and integration – Product data representation and exchange – Part 21: Imple-
435 mentation methods: Clear text encoding of the exchange structure. Geneva, Switzerland,
436 1996.

437 H.L. Horton, F.D. Jones, and E. Oberg. *Machinery's Handbook*. Industrial Press, Inc.

438 New York, 1984.

439 International Organization for Standardization. *ISO 841-2001: Industrial automation sys-*
440 *tems and integration - Numerical control of machines - Coordinate systems and motion*
441 *nomenclature*. Geneva, Switzerland, 2001.

442 *ASME B5.59-2 Version 9c: Data Specification for Properties of Machine Tools for Milling*
443 *and Turning*. 2005.

444 *ASME/ANSI B5.54: Methods for Performance Evaluation of Computer Numerically Con-*
445 *trolled Machining Centers*. 2005.

446 OPC Foundation. *OPC Unified Architecture Specification, Part 1: Concepts Version 1.00*.
447 July 28, 2006.

448 International Organization for Standardization. *ISO 13399: Cutting tool data representa-*
449 *tion and exchange*. Geneva, Switzerland, 2000.